

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/821,903	04/09/2004 Yoshifumi Kato		5000-5165	2424	
27123	7590 12/29/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P. 3 WORLD FINANCIAL CENTER			PATEL, VIP		
	NY 10281-2101		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			2879		
			DATE MAILED: 12/29/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Applic	Application No. Applicant(s)					
		10/82	1,903	KATO, YOSHIFU	МІ			
		Exam	iner	Art Unit				
		Vip Pa		2879				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
WHIC - Externafter - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MA nsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commut or period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply within	ILING DATE OF 37 CFR 1.136(a). In n nication. tory period will apply a ill, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUN to event, however, may and will expire SIX (6) Mile expension to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this c ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on .						
′=)⊠ This action	is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:								
/*	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	i(s)							
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)			v Summary (PTO-413)				
3) 🔯 Inforn	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT		5) D Notice o	o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTC	O-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>0404</u> . 6) Other:								

Drawings

The drawings are objected for following reasons.

Figure 5 is not designated by a legend such as "Prior Art". The legend is necessary in order to clarify what applicant's invention is (see MPEP § 608.02g).

Applicant is required to submit a proposed drawing correction, showing changes in red ink, in response to this Office action. However, formal correction of the noted defect(s) can be deferred until the application is allowed by the examiner (see MPEP 608.02v).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-2, 8-9, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Admitted prior art/common knowledge in the art and Hamano et al (US 6833667).

Regarding claims 1-2, organic EL display (see figure 5) comprising a transparent substrate (56), a transparent electrode (54), a metal electrode (52), an organic light emitting layer (RGB layers 53) in between the transparent electrode and the organic light emitting layer is commonly known in the art which is also discloses in prior art figure 5. Further, above described metal electrode inherently has a reflection scattering property since all the physical/structural limitations are disclosed which are claimed by the applicant. Alternatively, Hamano discloses such a metal electrode with bumpy

surface (as required in claim 2) for the purpose of preventing a decrease in contrast.

Thus, it would have been obvious, at the time the invention was made, to a person having ordinary skill in the art to provide a metal electrode with bumpy surface as taught by Hamano for prior art's device or commonly known device for preventing a decrease in contrast.

As to claim 10, the metal electrode of Hamano has the bumpy surface having bumps (sharp ridges as seen in drawings) as described above. Even though not specifically recited, these bumps have defined height so that reflection is scattered (as shown in figure 4) toward viewing surface. Suitable height for bumps falling within the claimed range may very well be obtained by performing routine experimentation for obtaining maximum brightness of viewing surface.

Regarding claims 8-9, the limitations directed to the process of making the bumpy surface are not deemed positive product limitations. Courts have been holding for quite some time that "--in spite of the fact that a product-by-process claim may recite only process limitations, it is the product which is covered by the claims and not the recited process steps--". (In re Hughes, 182 USPQ 106). Also, "--patentability of a claim to a product does not rest merely on a difference in the method by which the product is made. Rather, it the product itself which must be new and unobvious--". (In re Pilkington, 162 USPQ 147). Accordingly, "--a rejection based alternatively on either section 102 or section 103 of the statue is eminently fair and acceptable--". (In re Brown and Saffer, 173, USPQ 685 and 688). As such, no patentable weight has been given to such process limitations (see MPEP 2113).

Art Unit: 2879

Claims 3-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Admitted prior art/common knowledge in the art and Park et al (US 2004/0036410 A1).

Park discloses all the limitations of claims 3-7 except plurality of filter regions corresponding to RGB light regions and black matrix around filter regions. However, in the same field of endeavor, Park discloses such corresponding color filters (line 9 of abstract and figures) and black matrix improving color contrast and brightness of the display. Thus, it would have been obvious, at the time the invention was made, to a person having ordinary skill in the art to provide color filters and black matrix as taught by Park in the prior art device for improving color contrast and brightness of a display device.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vip Patel whose telephone number is (571) 272-2458. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 2879